### Case 21-52225-bem Doc 29 Filed 01/13/22 Entered 01/13/22 15:17:52 Desc Discharge Ch 7 Page 1 of 2

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Information to identify the case:		
Debtor 1	Masoud Razzaghi	Social Security number or ITIN xxx-xx-9161 EIN
	First Name Middle Name Last Name	
Debtor 2 (Spouse, if filing)	First Name Middle Name Last Name	Social Security number or ITIN EIN
United States Bar	nkruptcy Court Northern District of Georgia	
Case number:	21-52225-bem	

# **Order of Discharge**

12/15

IT IS ORDERED: A discharge under 11 U.S.C. § 727 is granted to:

Masoud Razzaghi aka Max Razzaghi

1/13/22

By the court:

United States Bankruptcy Judge

Barbara Ellis-Monro

## **Explanation of Bankruptcy Discharge in a Chapter 7 Case**

This order does not close or dismiss the case, and it does not determine how much money, if any, the trustee will pay creditors.

#### Creditors cannot collect discharged debts

This order means that no one may make any attempt to collect a discharged debt from the debtors personally. For example, creditors cannot sue, garnish wages, assert a deficiency, or otherwise try to collect from the debtors personally on discharged debts. Creditors cannot contact the debtors by mail, phone, or otherwise in any attempt to collect the debt personally. Creditors who violate this order can be required to pay debtors damages and attorney's fees.

However, a creditor with a lien may enforce a claim against the debtors' property subject to that lien unless the lien was avoided or eliminated. For example, a creditor may have the right to foreclose a home mortgage or repossess an automobile.

This order does not prevent debtors from paying any debt voluntarily or from paying reaffirmed debts according to the reaffirmation agreement. 11 U.S.C. § 524(c), (f).

#### Most debts are discharged

Most debts are covered by the discharge, but not all. Generally, a discharge removes the debtors' personal liability for debts owed before the debtors' bankruptcy case was filed.

Also, if this case began under a different chapter of the Bankruptcy Code and was later converted to chapter 7, debts owed before the conversion are discharged.

In a case involving community property: Special rules protect certain community property owned by the debtor's spouse, even if that spouse did not file a bankruptcy case.

For more information, see page 2 >

Official Form 318 Order of Discharge page 1

#### Some debts are not discharged

Examples of debts that are not discharged are:

- debts that are domestic support obligations;
- debts for most student loans;
- debts for most taxes;
- debts that the bankruptcy court has decided or will decide are not discharged in this bankruptcy case;
- debts for most fines, penalties, forfeitures, or criminal restitution obligations;
- some debts which the debtors did not properly list;
- debts for certain types of loans owed to pension, profit sharing, stock bonus, or retirement plans; and
- debts for death or personal injury caused by operating a vehicle while intoxicated.

Also, debts covered by a valid reaffirmation agreement are not discharged.

In addition, this discharge does not stop creditors from collecting from anyone else who is also liable on the debt, such as an insurance company or a person who cosigned or quaranteed a loan.

This information is only a general summary of the bankruptcy discharge; some exceptions exist. Because the law is complicated, you should consult an attorney to determine the exact effect of the discharge in this case.

This Bankruptcy Discharge is an important document that you should retain in the event a copy is needed in the future. If you request a copy from the Clerk's Office at a later date you will be required to pay a fee.